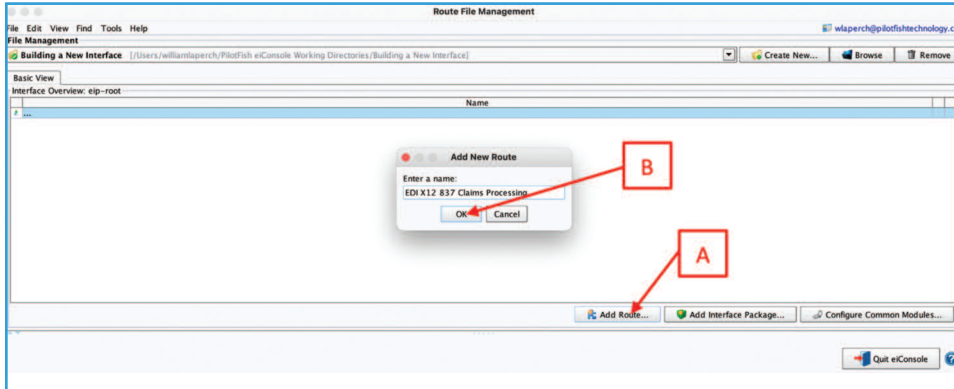




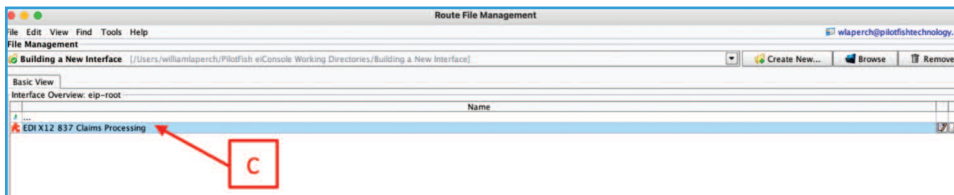
10 Easy Steps to Building an X12 EDI Interface

Featuring the Graphical Automated Interface Assembly Line – *Clone, Tweak, Test and Go!*



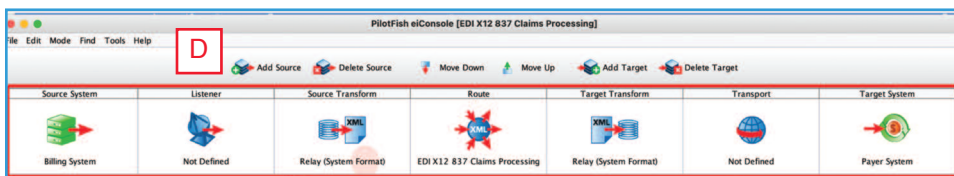
Step 1: Create a new Route/Interface

When you open the eiConsole, you will see the Route File Management screen. This is where the interface configuration files are managed. PilotFish configurations are divided into two levels. A single connection between a source and target is a route and a collection of routes working together is referred to as an interface. To create a new Route, click **Add Route** (A), name it (e.g., “X12 837 Claims Processing” (B) and click **OK**.

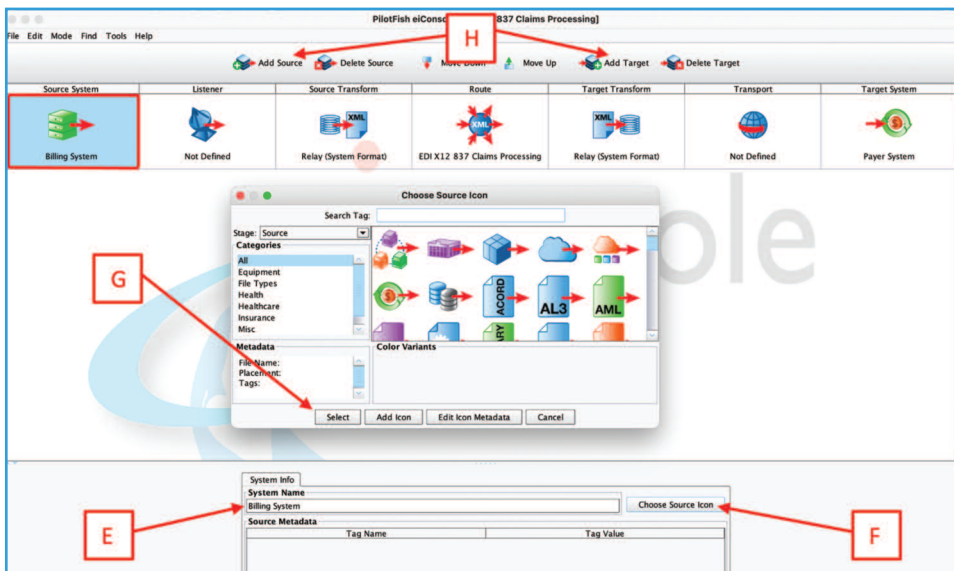


Step 2: Build the Route

Double-click your **Route** (C) to open the eiConsole’s main route grid window. PilotFish routes are built in an assembly line fashion. The **Graphical Automated Interface Assembly Line** (D) consists of 7 stages which are laid out in the grid at the top of the screen. These stages handle processing the flow of data from the source to the target system(s). Regardless of the type of integration, the process is always the same. There is no limit to the number of source and target systems that can be linked in this manner.



Graphical Automated Interface Assembly Line

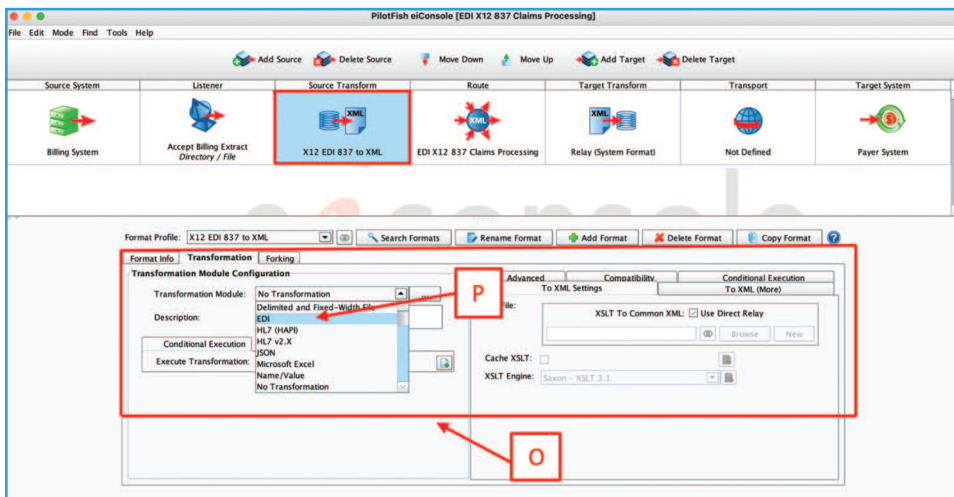
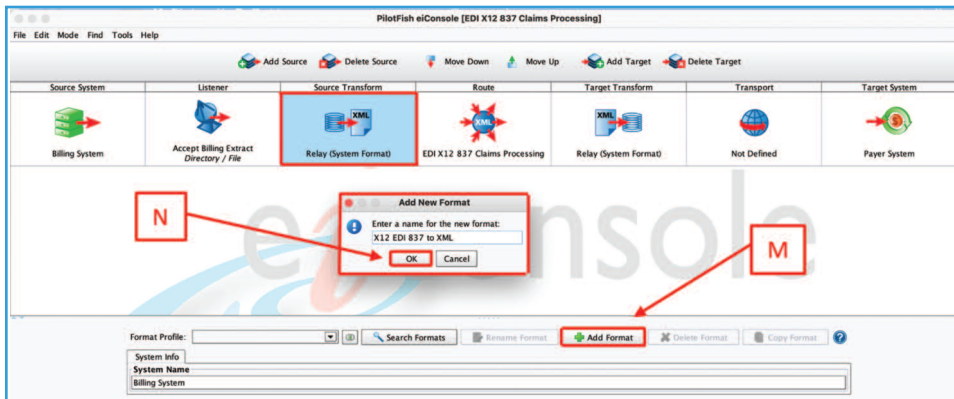
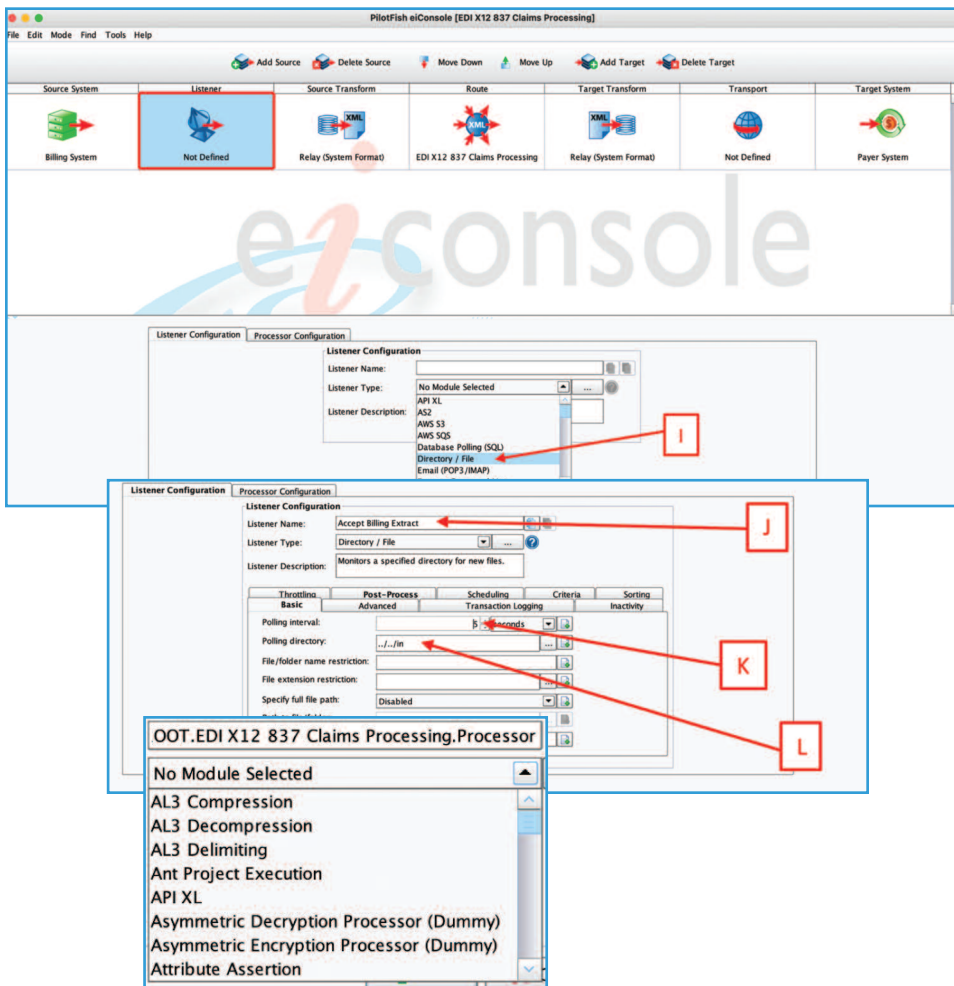


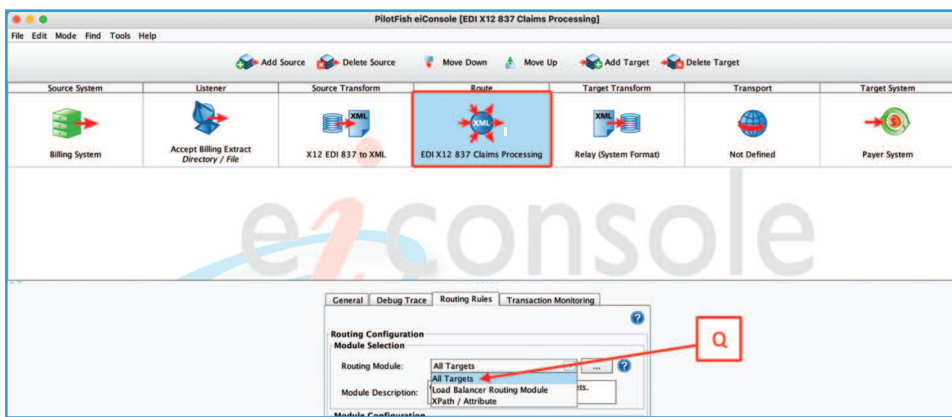
Step 3: Identify Your Source and Target System and Select Representative Icons

Select the **Source System** stage to name your source system. For reference, name your Source and Target Systems based on what they are supposed to represent. Next to the **System Name** field, type in “Billing System” (E), then click the **Choose Source Icon** (F) button.

When the **Choose Source Icon** pop-up opens, select a representative icon from a library of hundreds of icons. Then click **Select** (G) to make your choice. Select the Target Stage and follow the same process.

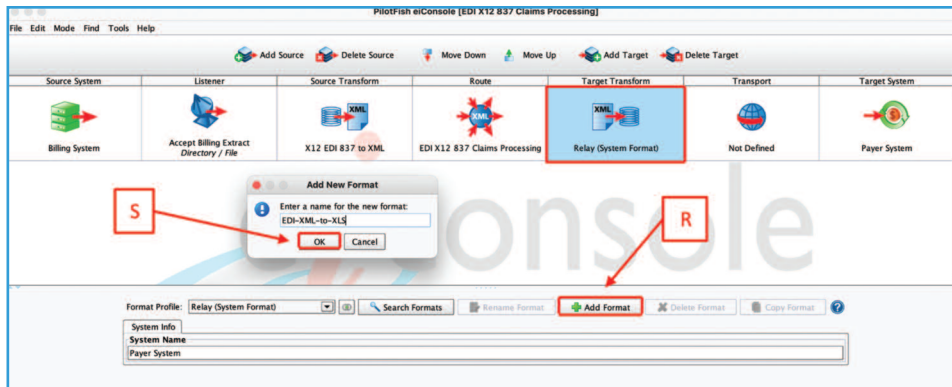
If you would like to add more Source or Target Systems, click the **Add Source** or **Add Target** (H) buttons above the grid. Follow the previous steps to name the systems and to select the appropriate icons.





Step 6: Configure the Routing Module

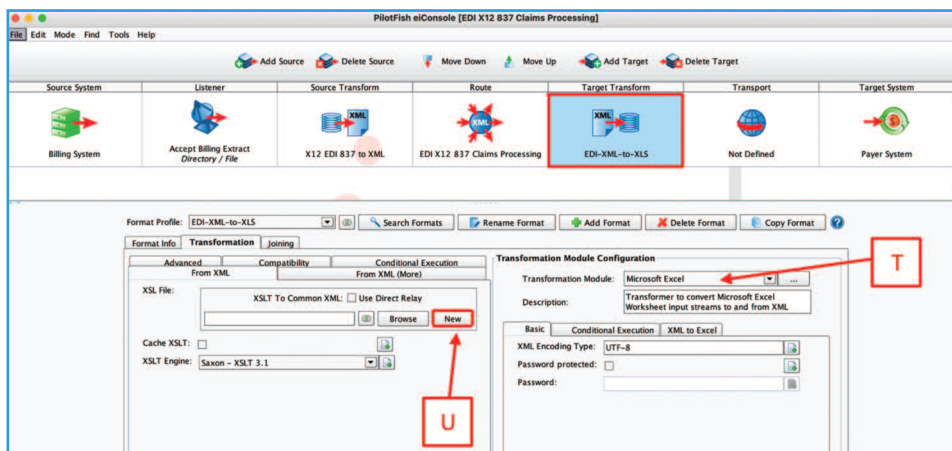
Select the **Route** stage. This is where you can maintain general metadata describing the Route, specify routing rules and configure Transaction Monitoring. When the panel appears, select the **Routing Rules** tab. This enables you to route or filter messages to the appropriate target or targets based on the content of the message. From the drop-down, select **All Targets (Q)**.



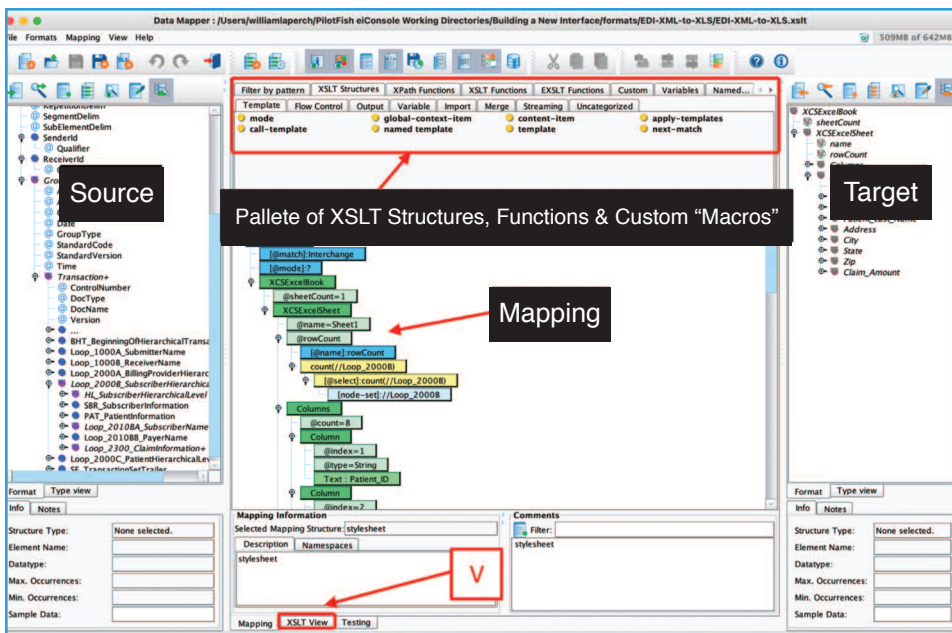
The Transaction Monitoring tab lets you customize the error notification system used by the interface when in production. This pro-active alerting supplements the traditional, passive logging and audit trail supported and configured in the eiPlatform runtime.

Step 7: Transform the Data for the Target

Next, select the **Target Transform** stage. In this example, this is where you will convert your new XML representation of X12 into an Excel spreadsheet. You'll use the same two-step process you used for the Source Transform stage, only in reverse. First, click the **Add Format (R)** button and then enter "EDI-XML-to-XLS" (S) in the dialog and click **OK**. This opens the transformation panel down below.

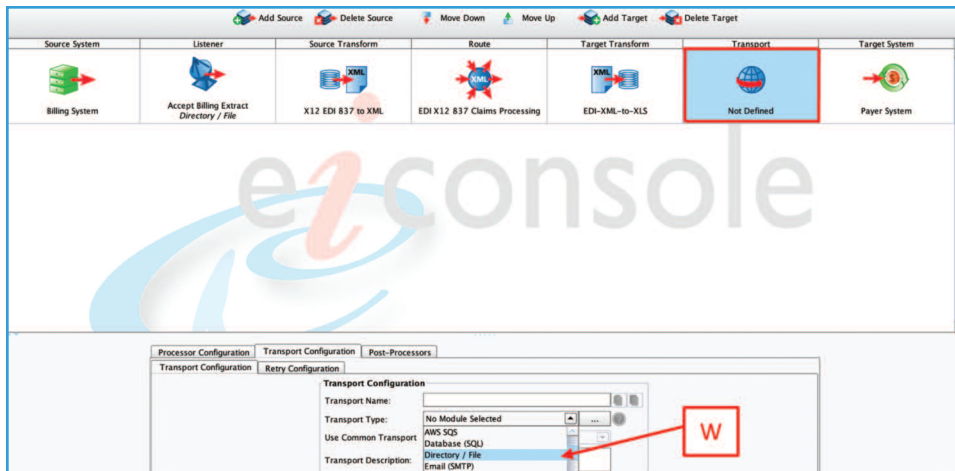


In the Transformation Module Configuration panel, select the **Microsoft Excel (T)** Transformation Module from the drop-down. This automatically converts an XML representation of Excel into a proper Excel spreadsheet. To create that new XML, go over to the left-hand side, to the XSLT Configuration panel and uncheck the **Use Direct Relay** checkbox. This will allow you to author a logical mapping, which you can configure by clicking the **Edit (U)** button to open the Data Mapper.



The Data Mapper generates the XSLT that transforms any data format to any other. The tree on the left represents the **Source** format and the one on the right the **Target** format. The panel in between is where we configure the relationship between the two via drag-and-drop mappings and additional logic. The palette above the center panel includes a library of useful functions for performing additional manipulations, including conditional logic, looping and table-based lookups. Selecting the **XSLT View (V)** tab lets users work in XSLT, with any changes made being immediately reflected in the graphical view.

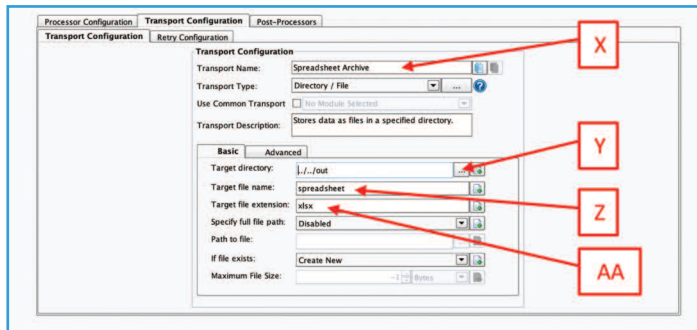
While it's possible to start from scratch, users can also automatically create a baseline for mapping by importing vendor-specific transaction samples, allowing easier data mapping to the specific requirements of the endpoint system.



Step 8: Configure the Transport

The **Transport Stage** is responsible for transmission of the message or file to its endpoint or to another route in the interface flow. Like the Listener, a wide variety of communication protocols, both batch-oriented and real-time are supported. Real-time processes may be synchronous or asynchronous, where real-time responses can be configured to be handled by an associated route.

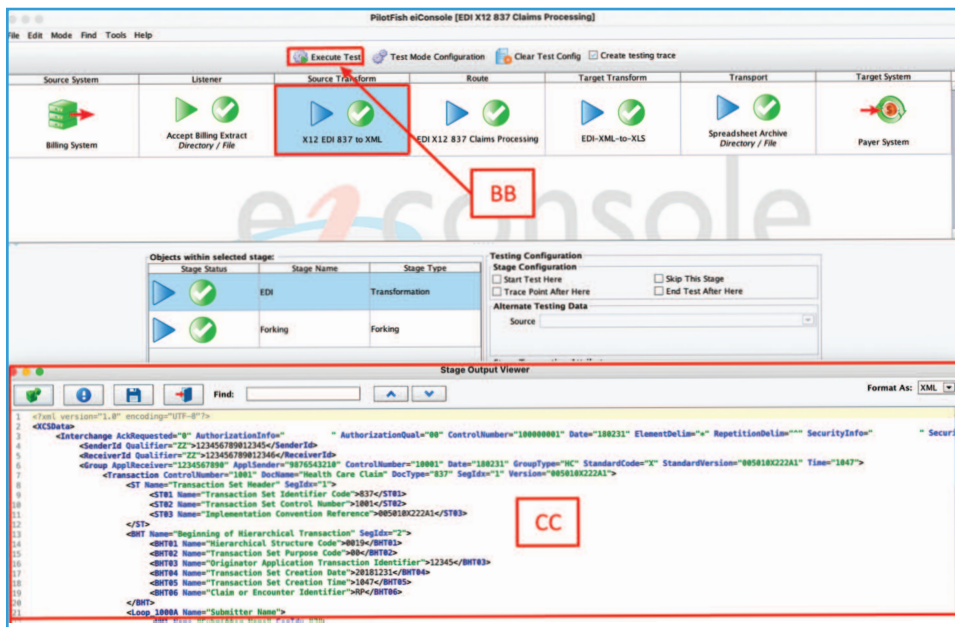
In this example, click the Transport Stage. In the Transport Configuration panel, select the **"Directory/File"** (W) Transport from the drop-down list. When the configuration panel opens, change the default Transport Name to "Spreadsheet Archive" (X). In the Basic tab, click the ellipsis (Y) button and paste in the link to your new "out" folder. Then fill in the Target file name to "Spreadsheet" (Z) and the Target file ext. to "xlsx" (aa). As in the Listener stage, processors may be used for preprocessing or cleanup operations.



Step 9: Test Your Interface End-to-End

The eiConsole includes a built-in, step-by-step unit testing capability. No compilation or deployment of the interface is required. Testing mode allows the interface developer to test any portion of their configured "assembly line", inspecting its function, performance and output.

From the Route menu, select Testing Mode. You can start and stop your test at any stage. Select the **Listener** stage to begin the testing and provide sample input data. Click the **Execute Test** (bb) icon and the blue question marks turn to green check marks. If a stage failed, a red X would replace the question mark. You can click any of the stages and in the **Stage Output Viewer** (cc) view the output of each stage as the data undergoes the transformation and delivery process. Failed stages provide detailed error messages so that these can be quickly corrected and retested.



Step 10: Deploy Your Interface

Once an interface has been tested from end-to-end, the final step is deployment to an eiPlatform runtime environment. The completed interface is saved as a set of discrete, easily managed configuration files. Promotion of an interface can be managed through your preferred source control system, simple file copy or a deployment API.

That's it – EDI X12 interface configuration, testing and deployment in 10 easy steps.

With PilotFish, you can handle virtually any integration requirement, any communication protocol and any data format with the automated interface assembly line. The PilotFish integration suite solves interoperability challenges without any coding or scripting – and without headaches. PilotFish can make your systems interoperable, now.

Call us today to learn more.

